



Welcome!

FLS Bone Health ECHO® TeleECHO Clinic

We will be recording this TeleECHO Clinic for educational and quality improvement purposes.

By participating in this clinic you are consenting to be recorded.

If you do not wish to be recorded, please email andrea.medeiros@nof.org at least one week prior to the TeleECHO Clinic you wish to attend.

Please type in your name, location, and email address in the chat.

Clinic will start in less than 15 minutes

Some helpful tips:

Please mute your microphone when not speaking

Position webcam effectively

Communicate clearly during clinic:

- Speak clearly
- Use chat function

Project ECHO's goal is to protect patient privacy

To help Project ECHO accomplish that goal, please only display or say information that doesn't identify a patient or that cannot be linked to a patient.

References:

For a complete list of protected information under HIPAA, please visit www.hipaa.com

Common HIPAA Identifier Slip-Ups and Easy Ways to Protect Patient Privacy

- 1st – **Names:** Please do not refer to a patient's *first/middle/last name* or use any *initials*, etc. Instead please use the *ECHO ID*.
- 2nd – **Locations:** Please do not identify a patient's *county, city or town*. Instead please use only the patient's *state* if you must or the *ECHO ID*.
- 3rd – **Dates:** Please do not use any dates (like *birthdates*, etc.) that are linked to a patient. Instead please use only the patient's *age* (unless > 89)
- 4th – **Employment:** Please do not identify a patient's *employer*, work *location* or *occupation*. Instead please use the *ECHO ID*.
- 5th – **Other Common Identifiers:** Do not identify patient's *family* members, *friends, co-workers, numbers, e-mails*, etc.

NOF Staff Disclosures

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Nothing to Disclose

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Nothing to Disclose

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Preventing the Next Fracture: The Role of a Fracture Liaison Service

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Disclosures

- Clinical Trials
 - Cumberland
 - Corbus
 - Genentech
- Research Grant – Medical Education
 - Rheumatology Research Foundation Clinician Scholar Educator award
- Investments
 - Johnson and Johnson
- Advisory Board
 - Gilead Sciences, Inc
 - Clinical Learning Designs
- Committees
 - ACR Committee on Marketing and Communications, Member
 - American Board of Internal Medicine

What We Will Accomplish



Recognize the treatment gap in fragility fracture care



Discuss the benefits of a Fracture Liaison Service



Describe the collaborative approach to implementing a Fracture Liaison Service

Societal Impact

- Two million osteoporotic fractures occur each year
- Morbidity
 - Functional impairment and quality of life
- Mortality associated with hip fractures
 - 5-8x ↑ (first 3 months)
 - 20-25% one-year mortality
- Cost for all fractures
 - \$17 billion - direct medical costs (2005)
 - **17x cost of CHF**
 - Projected \$25 billion (2025)

LeBlanc et al, *Arch Int Med*, 2011; Haentjens P et al, *Ann Int Med*, 2010; Brauer CA et al, *JAMA*, 2009; Boonen S et al, *Osteoporosis Int*, 2004; Hall Se et al, *Aust NZ Med J*, 2000; Cummings SR et al, *Lancet*, 2002; Liu Z et al, *Osteopor Int*, 2015; Burge R et al *J Bone Min Res*, 2007

Fractures Beget More Fractures

- 2x[↑] risk of future fractures
 - Begins in **first 6-12 months** post-fracture
- Risk highest **2-4 years** post-fracture
- Risk remains high for **10 years**
 - Following fx of hip, vertebrae, humerus, forearm
- Vertebral fx associated with **4x** risk for another vertebral fx

Giangregorio LM and Leslie WD, *J Bone Min Res*, 2010; Eisman JA et al, *J Bone Min Res*, 2012; Lewiecki EM, *Women's Health*, 2015.

Fracture Prevention

Primary vs. Secondary Prevention

FRAX

Oral
bisphosphonates

DXA

Falls
Assessment

Risk Factor
Modification

Anabolic agents

RANKL Inhibition

Calcium/Vitamin D

Weight-bearing
Exercise

SERMs

IV bisphosphonates



Prevention and
Treatment

Fracture Prevention:

Secondary

- Treatment of osteoporosis after a fragility fracture is sustained
 - Appropriate screening (DXA scan)
 - Risk factor assessment
 - Utilization of the FRAX tool
 - Risk factor modification
 - Falls assessment
 - Treatment regimen
 - Initiating treatment
 - Ensuring correct administration
 - Ensuring compliance

***How Are We Doing with
Secondary Fracture Prevention?***

Patient Management After Hip Fracture

Results from 4 representative healthcare systems

	Site 1 n (%)	Site 2 n (%)	Site 3 n (%)	Site 4 n (%)
Total hip fractures (N)	163	148	140	51
Prescription medication	43 (26)	12 (8)	7 (5)	19(37)
Calcium and vitamin D	44 (27)	12 (8)	7 (5)	13(25)
DXA	20 (12)	18 (12)	18 (13)	12(24)

Low Rates of Treatment After Fracture

HEDIS Measures 2003 Medicare Disease Management Rates

Disease Management	Rate, %
Beta-blocker treatment after MI	93
Breast cancer screening	74
Colorectal cancer screening	50
Treatment after fracture	18

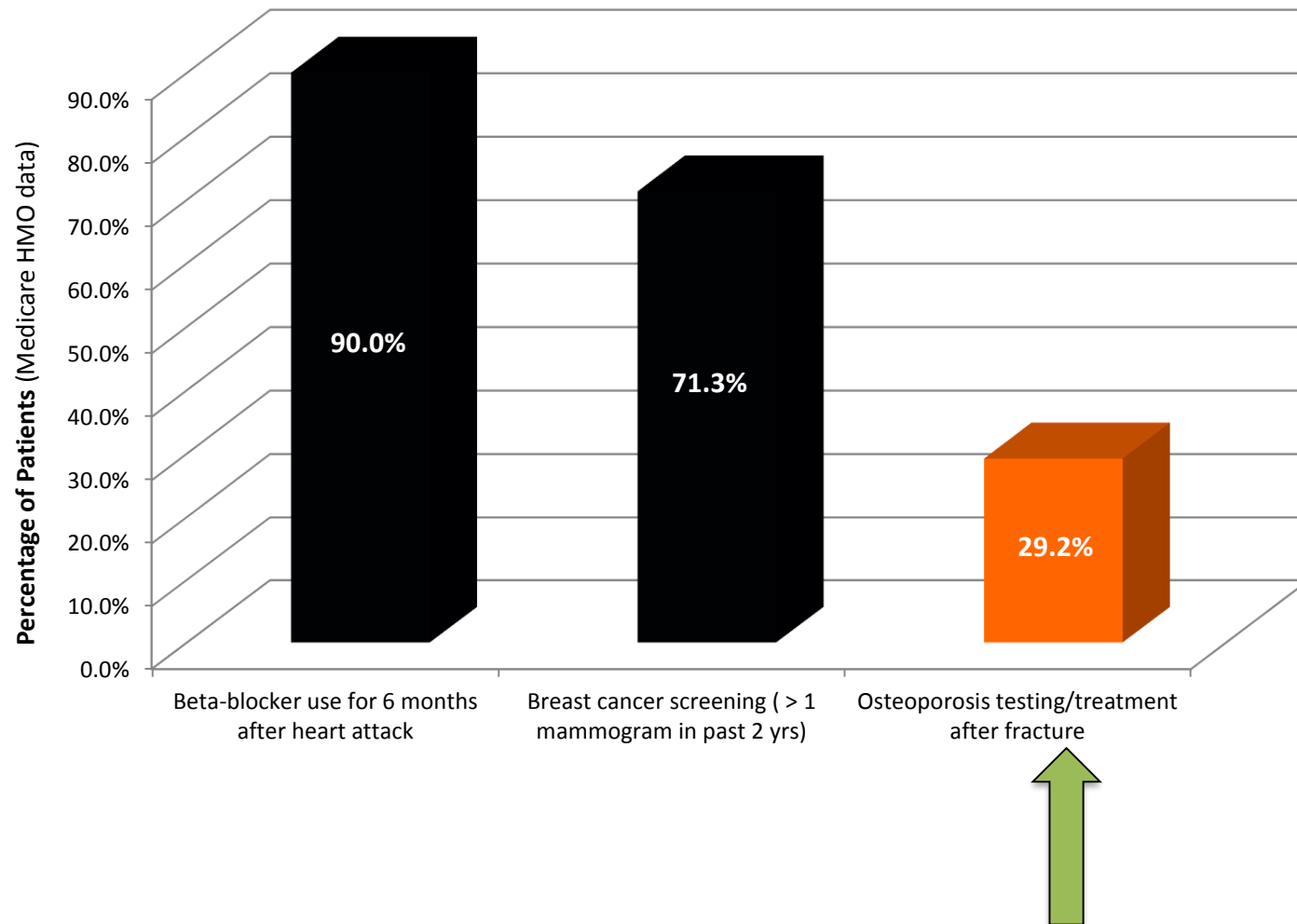
HEDIS = Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set; MI = myocardial infarction.
National Committee for Quality Assurance. *The State of Health Care Quality 2004*. Washington, DC: National Committee for Quality Assurance; 2004.

HEDIS (2009)

Post-fracture management (6 mos)
Women ≥ 67 yo with any fragility fx

20.7%

Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS) Measure 2013



Osteoporosis Medication Use After Hip Fracture in U.S. Patients Between 2002 and 2011

Daniel H Solomon,^{1,2} Stephen S Johnston,³ Natalie N Boytsov,⁴ Donna McMorro,³ Joseph M Lane,⁵ and Kelly D Krohn⁴

- US administrative insurance claims
 - Commercial or Medicare supplement
- Retrospective observational cohort study
- Hip fracture hospitalizations 2002-2011
- Age ≥ 50 yo
 - Study sample 96,887 patients
 - Average age 80 years
 - 70.3% women
 - 16.1% prior fragility fx (most untreated)

1^o Outcome

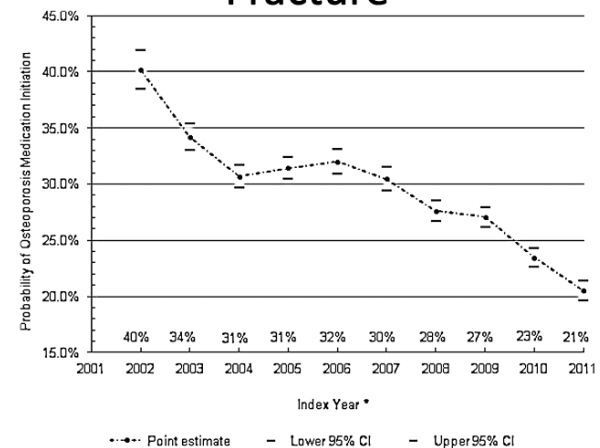
Osteoporosis meds within 12 months of discharge

Osteoporosis Medication Use After Hip Fracture in U.S. Patients Between 2002 and 2011

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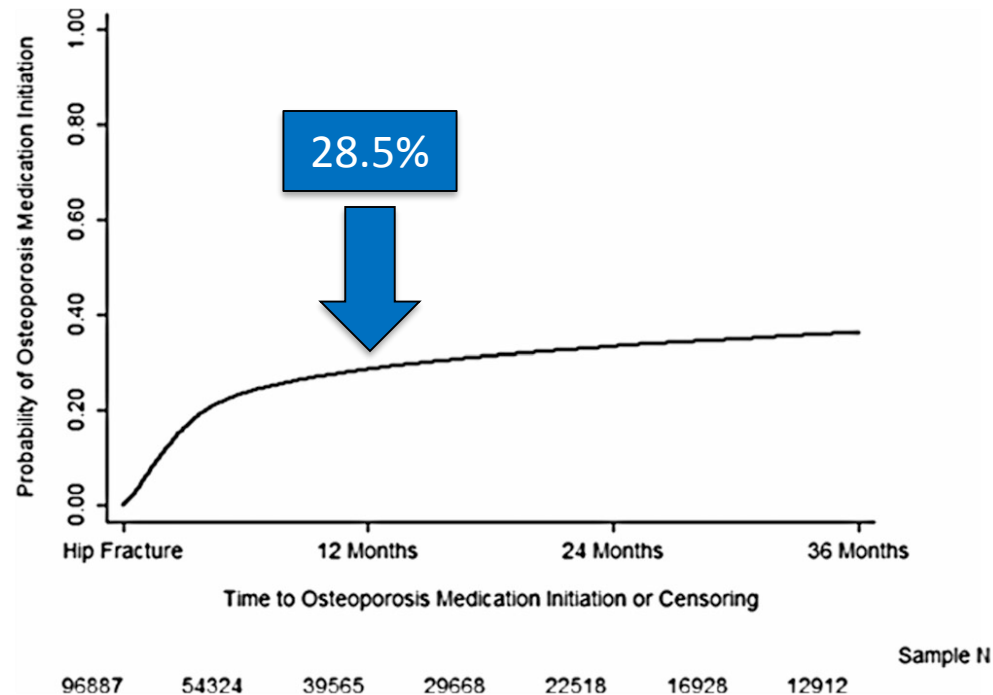
- Estimated probability of OP treatment 28.5%
 - Rates declined significantly
 - 2002 40.2%
 - 2011 20.5%

Declining Rates of OP Treatment Post-Hip Fracture



Annual unadjusted probability of osteoporosis medication use within 12 months after discharge (Kaplan-Meier method).

Time to OP Medication



Distribution of time to osteoporosis medication use within 36 months after discharge (Kaplan-Meier method). Six months, all patients = 0.162; patients with 3+ months of enrollment (ie, excluding patients censored before 3 months) = 0.169. Six months: all patients = 0.236; patients with 6+ months of enrollment = 0.254. Nine months: all patients= 0.264; patients with 9+ months of enrollment = 0.290.

OP Medication Treatment after Hip Fracture

- Lowest likelihood of treatment
 - Older age (>70 yo)
 - More co-morbidities
 - Male gender
- OP med **prior** to fracture correlated most strongly with treatment in 12 months post-fx

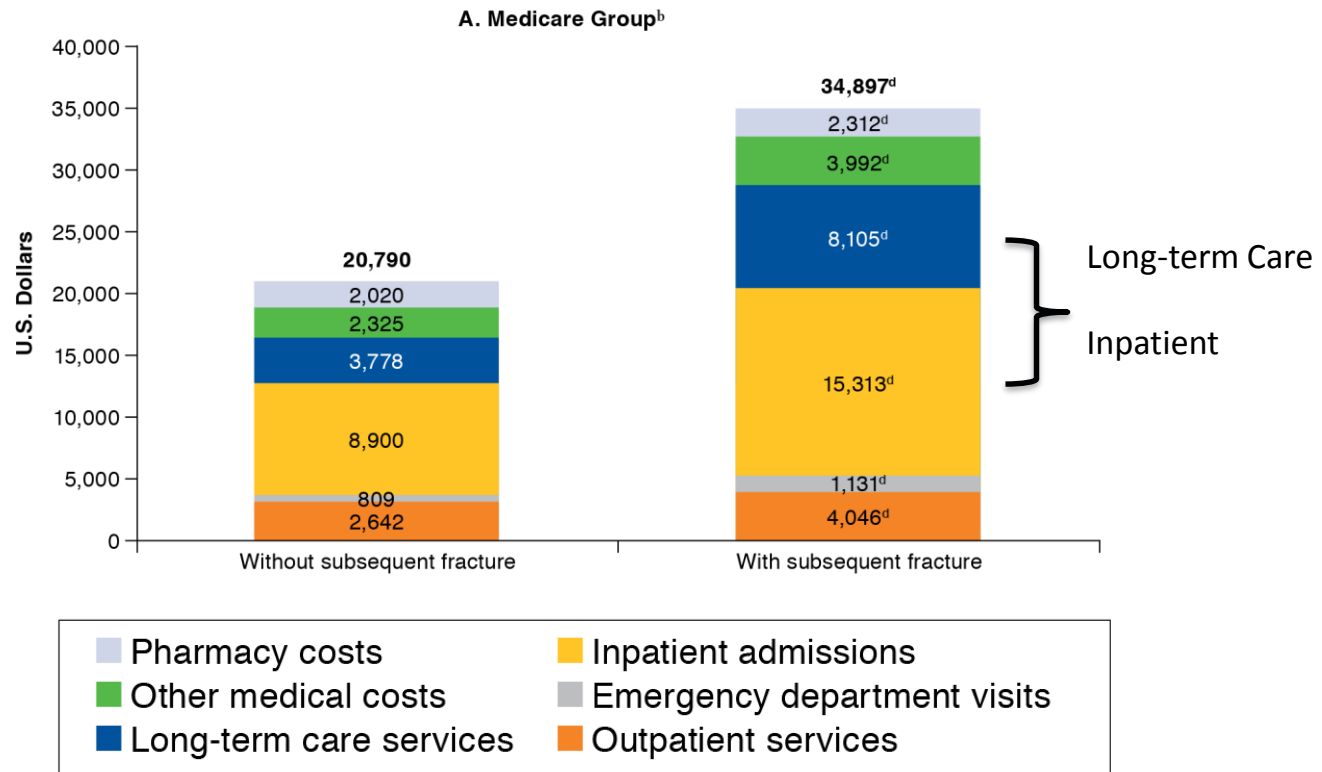
Prevalence and Costs of *Subsequent Fractures* in One Year

- Retrospective database claims (2008-2013)
- Medicare (N=45,603) and Commercial insurance (N=54,145) demonstrated similar outcomes
- Medicare
 - ~17% had a subsequent fracture
 - Most likely to have a next fracture:
 - Multiple index fractures (26%)
 - Hip fractures (25%)
 - Vertebral (20%)
 - Subsequent fx most likely to be same as index fx
 - Healthcare costs higher for those with subsequent fractures

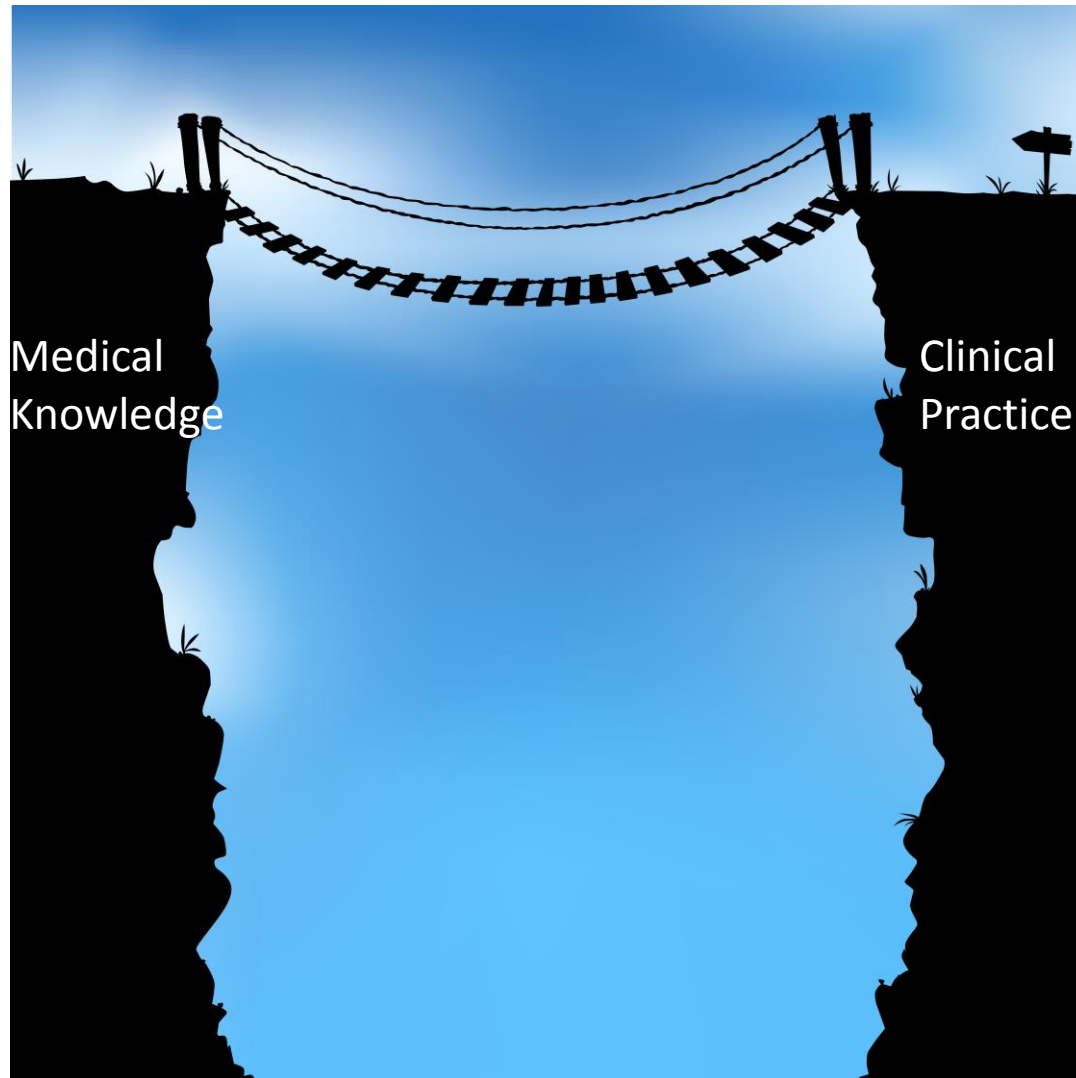
Costs:

Subsequent Fracture Within ONE Year

Mean Per-Patient Costs for Patients in the Medicare Commercial Groups



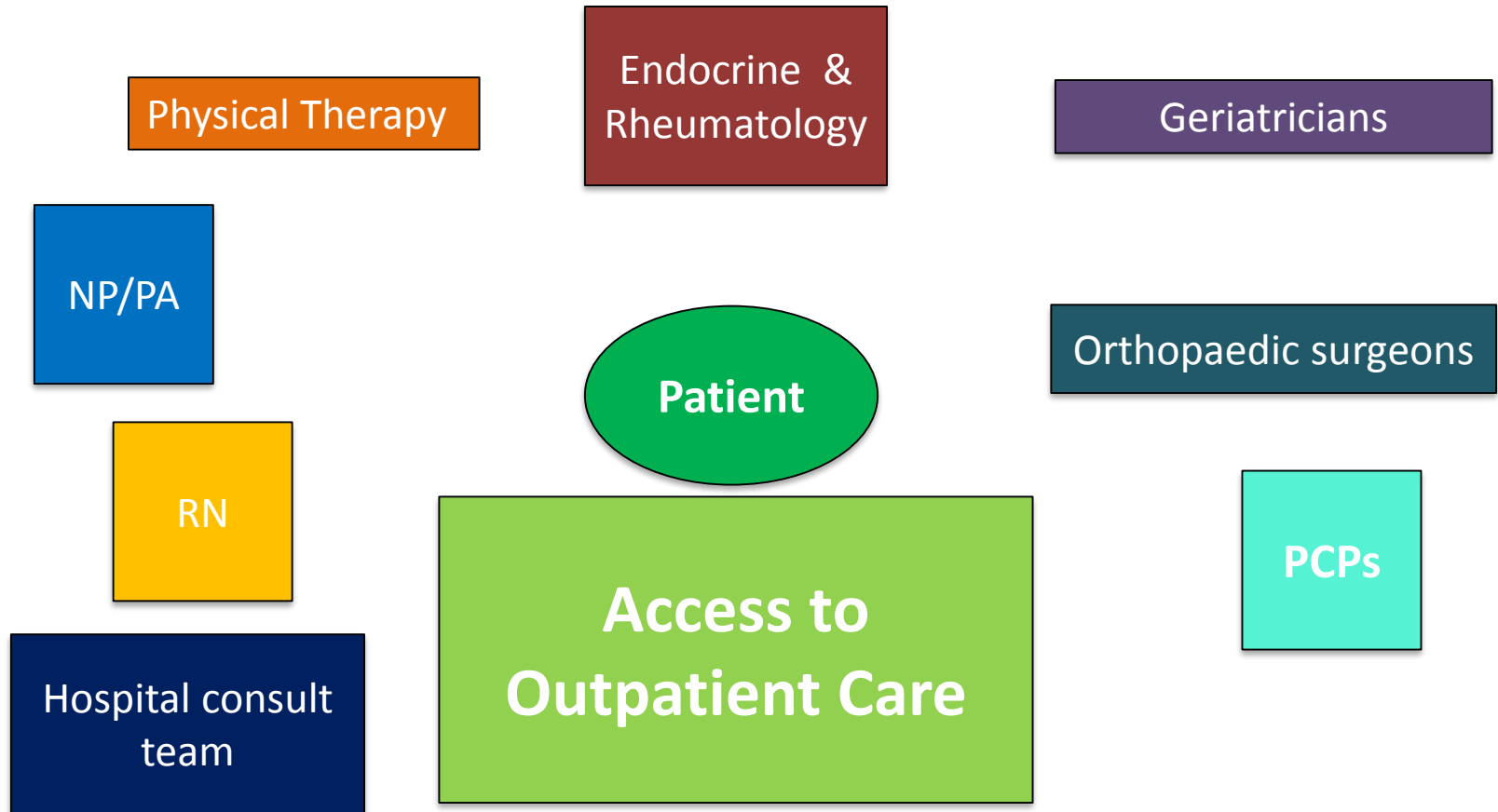
Closing the Gap



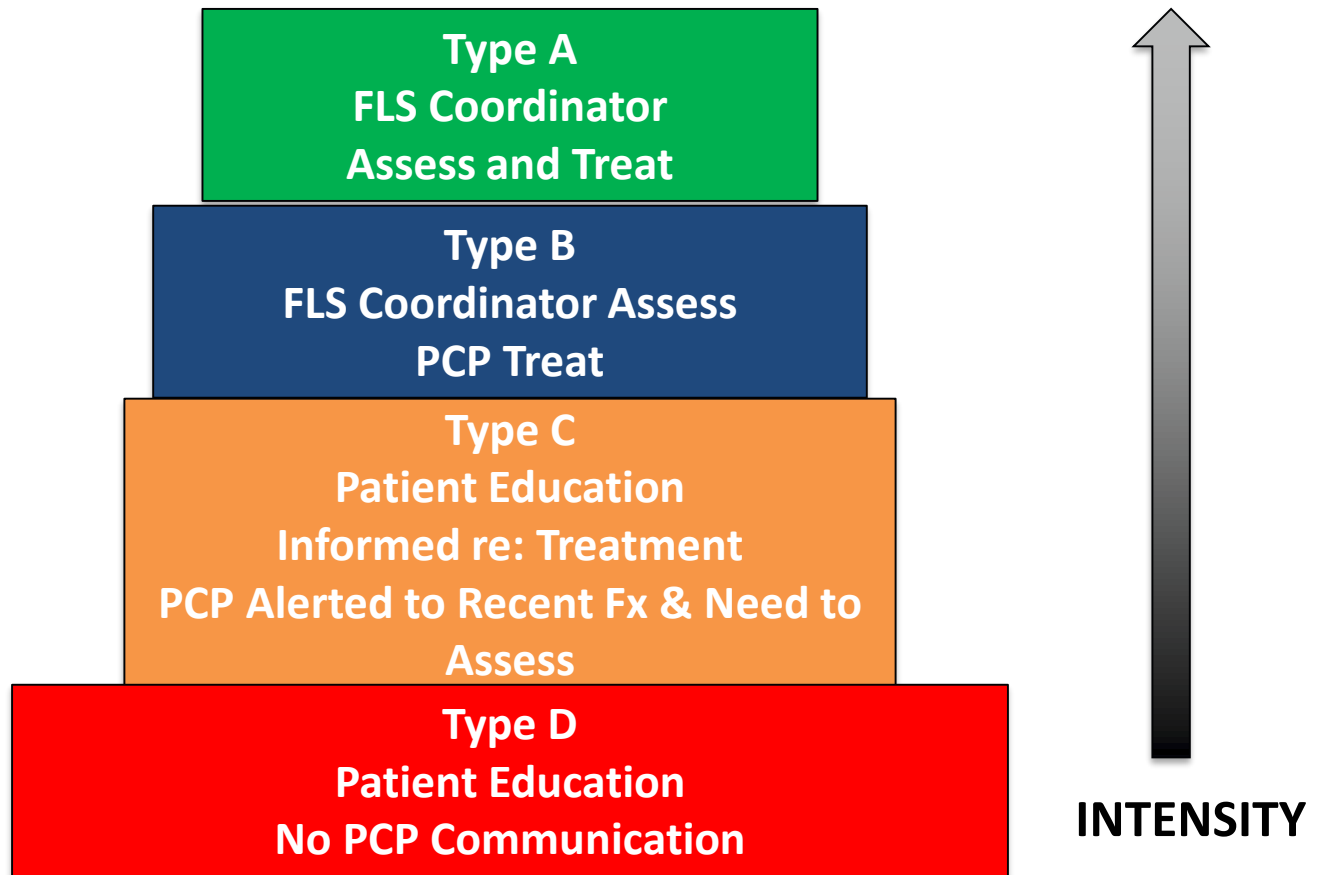
A Systems Approach: The Fracture Liaison Service

- - Reduces subsequent fracture
 - Reduces mortality
 - Cost-effective
- Patient-centered care
 - **It's the right thing to do!**

FLS Stakeholders



4 FLS Models of Differing Intensity



FLS: How To's

- Enhanced care with geriatric co-management
- Initial focus on a sub-group
- FLS navigator
 - Case-finding
- Risk assessment
 - Fall risk
 - Risk factor modification
 - Metabolic assessment
 - DXA (Vertebral Fracture Assessment, VFA)
- Education
- Management recommendations
- Plan for patient follow-up



What is the potential?

Let's look at the evidence

FLS:

Prospective Studies and Re-fracture Rates

Table 2. Refracture rates in longitudinal studies in Fracture Liaison Service and control groups

Studies	Duration of follow-up	Refractures in FLS	Refractures in control group
Lih <i>et al.</i> [14]	37.7 months	10/246 (4.1%)	31/157 (19.7%)
Nakayama <i>et al.</i> [15]	36 months	63/515 (12%)	70/416 (17%)
Huntjens <i>et al.</i> [16]	24 months	95/1412 (6.7%)	130/1910 (6.8%)
Axelsson <i>et al.</i> [17*]	344 days	216/2616 (8.3%)	228/2713 (8.4%)
Van der Kallen <i>et al.</i> [18]	48 months	14/214 (6.5%)	41/220 (18.6%)

FLS, Fracture Liaison Service.

*Control group had follow-up with PCP's

System Strategies: Integrated Healthcare Systems


Geisinger Medical Center

- Implementation of an osteoporosis disease management program (all women > 55 yo), 1996
 - Outpatient program
 - Clinical practice guidelines
 - Physician and allied healthcare provider education
 - BMD testing program
- Outcomes (5 years):
 - Significant decline in age-adjusted incidence of hip fracture
 - Overall reduction in health care costs of \$7.8 million over 5 years

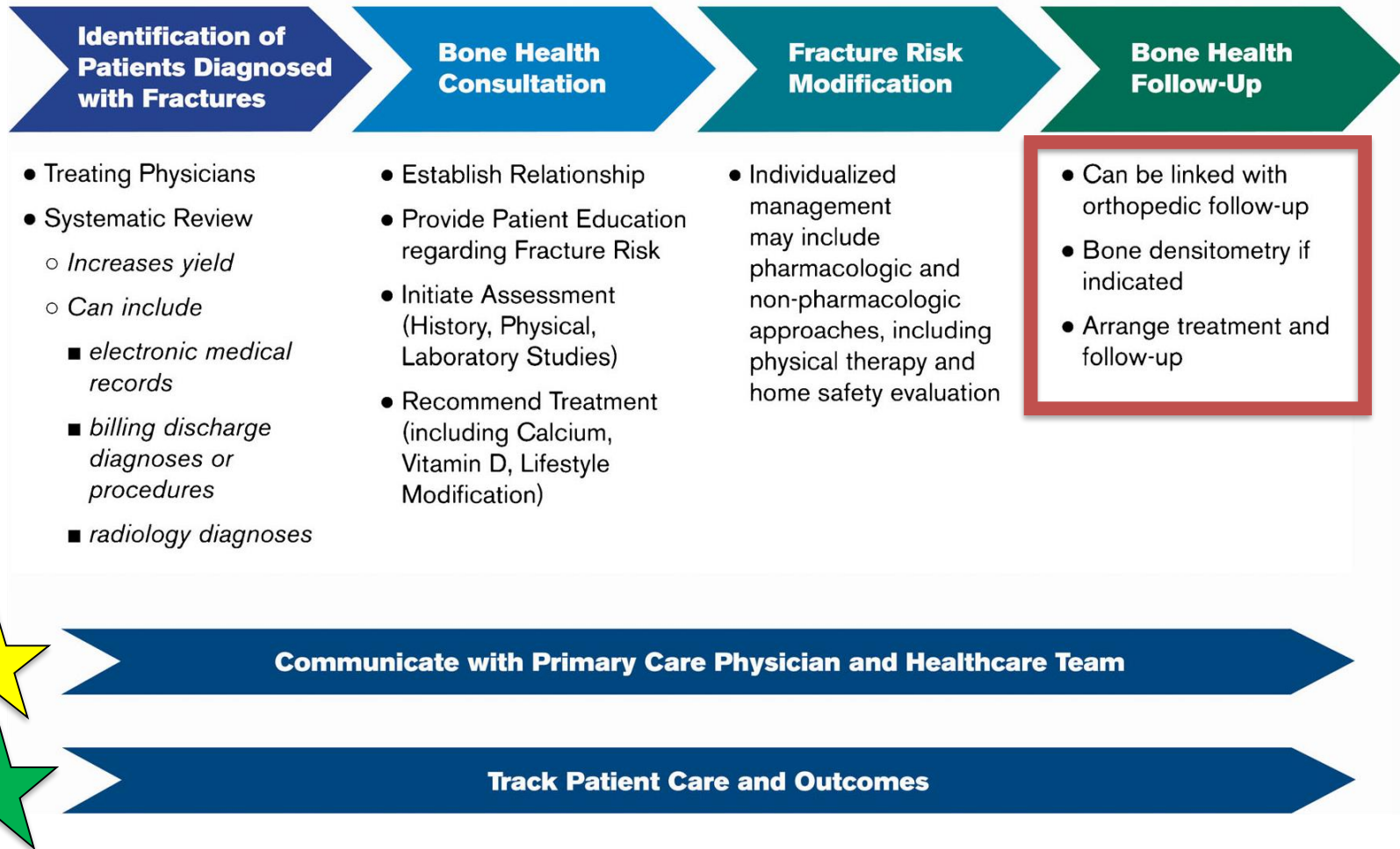
Kaiser Permanente Healthy Bones

- Established 1998
- 12 medical centers
- Healthy Bones Care Manager
- **Inpatient identification**, education, evaluation
- Outpatient management x 3 months
- PCP then maintains therapy plan
- Endocrine consultation if warranted

Kaiser Permanente Healthy Bones

- 11,000 new fragility fractures per year
 - 7500 in women
- > 90% are prescribed treatment
 - >80% initiate treatment
- Impact
 -  Fragility fractures by 40%
 - Prevent 1000 hip fractures/year
 - Cost savings > \$30 million/year

Fracture Liaison Service



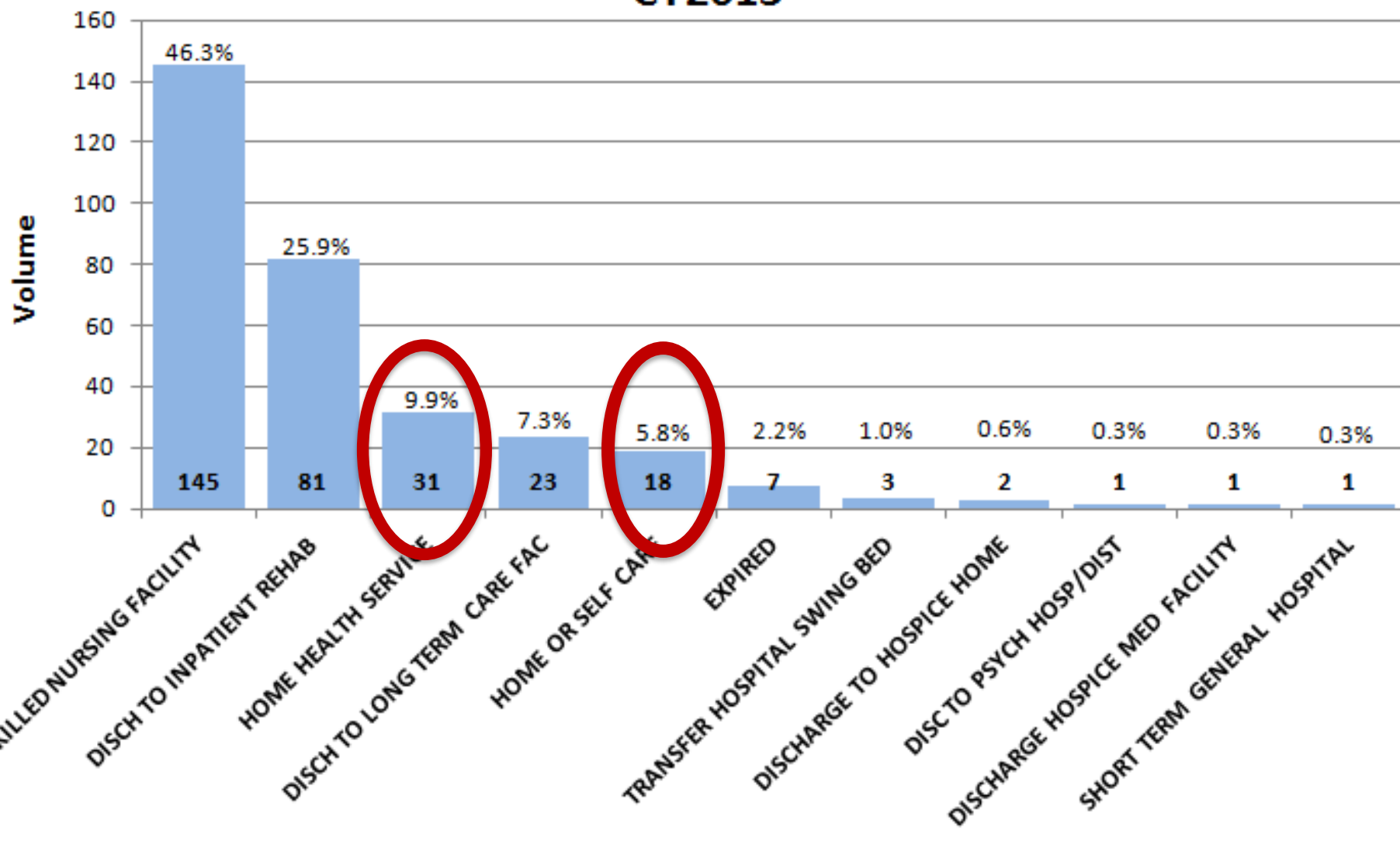
Geriatrics-Orthopaedics Co-Management Program

- Geriatric Inpatient FracTure Service (2011)
- Patients > 65 years old with fractures
- Co-manage with Orthopaedics who Trauma
- Goals
 - Optimize patient outcomes
 - Reduce length of stay
 - Reduce costs
 - Improve communication with families and rehabilitation centers

Additional Opportunity

*Ensuring treatment of the patient's
underlying osteoporosis*

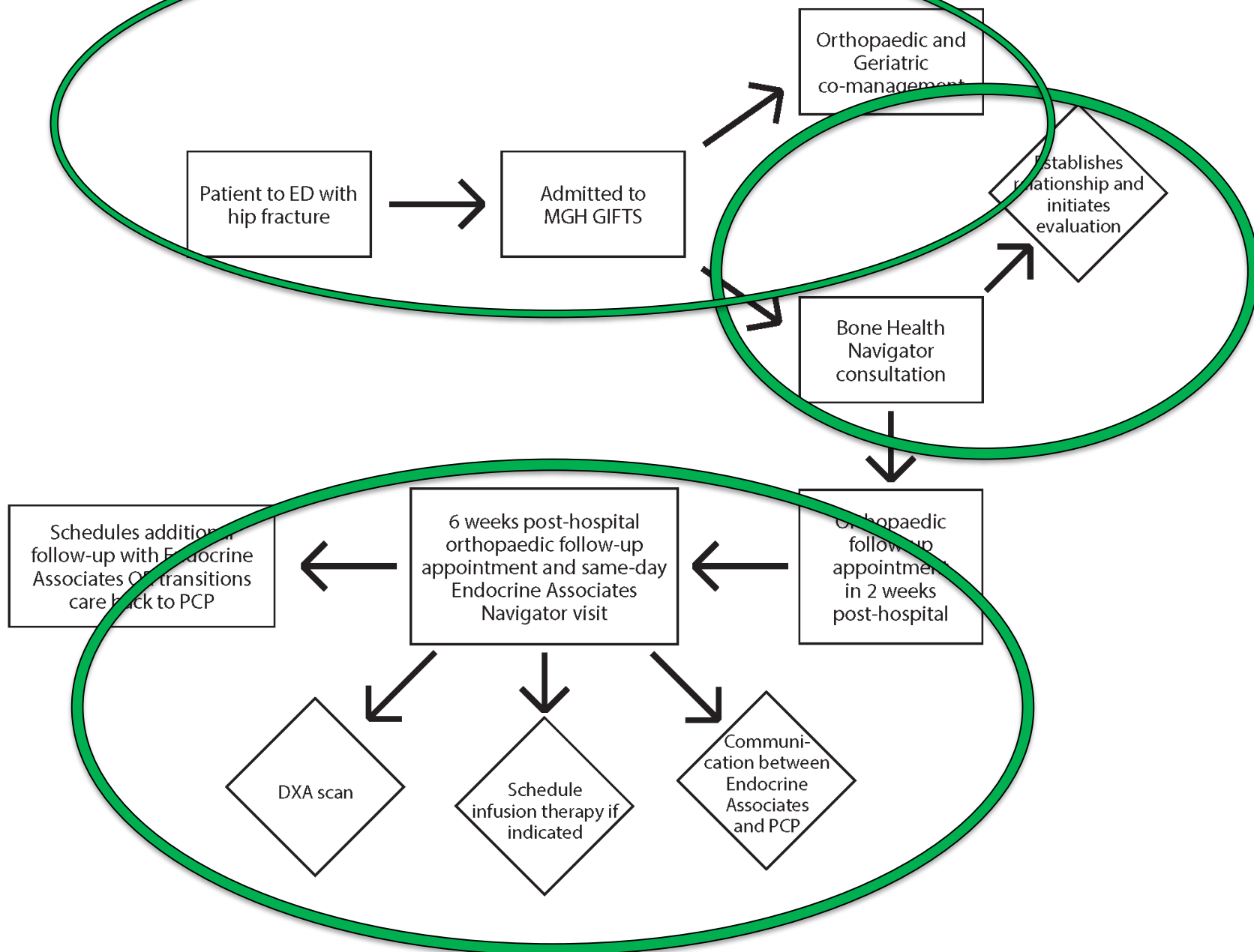
Discharge Destination Following Hip Fracture Surgery, CY2013



Fracture Liaison Service: Additive Process

- 2011
 - GIFTS program (Geriatrics-Orthopaedics co-management)
 - Patients ≥ 65 yo
- 2016 FLS
 - Inpatient: hip fragility fractures
 - All patients > 50 yo
- 2017
 - Inpatient: all fragility fractures
 - Vertebral insufficiency fractures
 - Inpatient zoledronic acid infusions
- 2018
 - Follow-up phone calls
- 2019
 - Med/Ortho transition
- 2020
 - COVID-19

MGH FRACTURE LIAISON SERVICE ALGORITHM 1



Fracture Liaison Services

What We Know

- Increased rates of:
 - Osteoporosis diagnosis
 - Evaluation for 2^o causes
 - Fall risk assessments
 - Treatment
 - Adherence to treatment
- Cost-effectiveness
- Reduced subsequent fracture rates
- Resources

Opportunity

Specialty and subspecialty
collaboration for patient-centered
care



TOWN OF MADISON
EAST LAKE RD →

MADISON CO CR 87
← EAST LAKE RD

MADISON CO. RT. 87
← EAST LAKE RD



15
M.P.H.

SUSIE GUSTAFSON
REAL ESTATE
FOR SALE

Next Steps

- Develop Med/Ortho service
 - Comprehensive management of geriatric patients admitted with a fragility fracture
- Expand more broadly to vertebral insufficiency fractures
 - Involves many inpatient and outpatient settings
- Expand to outpatient/ED fragility fractures
- Expand data capture
 - Medication treatment and compliance
 - Subsequent fractures
 - Mortality
- Telemedicine to hospitals in our network
 - Hospitals outside our network

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Questions?

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